# LUMASENSE TECHNOLOGIES

# Instruction Manual

INNOVA -1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor

BZ6012 - 1316A-1 PC Software

BE6020-13

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# 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor

# BZ6012 – 1316A-1 PC Software

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# **Safety Considerations**

The 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor is designed and tested to comply with EN 61010-1.2<sup>nd</sup> (2001) Safety requirements for electrical equipment for measurement, control, and laboratory use. The protection provided by the instrument may be impaired if not used as specified by LumaSense Technologies A/S. To ensure safe operation and retain the monitor in safe condition, special note should be made of the following:

# Explosion Hazard!

TO AVOID THE POSSIBILITY OF AN EXPLOSION, MONITORING OF FLAMMABLE GASES IN EXPLOSIVE CONCENTRATIONS MUST NEVER BE ATTEMPTED.

Never operate this monitor in potentially explosive environments.

When monitoring potentially flammable or toxic gases it is essential:

- The instrument itself is placed in a well-ventilated area outside the potentially hazardous zone; and
- That a sufficiently long tube is connected to the Gas Outlet on the back panel so that the sampled gas is carried away to the open air or to an extraction and/or filtration unit.

# Warnings!

- Water condensation in the instrument will damage it severely, and must therefore be avoided.
- Switch off all equipment before connecting or disconnecting their digital interface. Failure to do so could damage the equipment.
- Whenever it is likely that the correct function or operating safety of the apparatus has been impaired, the apparatus must be made inoperative and be secured against unintended operation.
- Any adjustment, maintenance and repair of the open apparatus under voltage must be avoided as far as possible and, if unavoidable, must be carried out by trained service personnel only.

# Applying power

Before using this apparatus, verify that the correct fuses are installed.

The instrument must always be operated with its chassis at earth potential. Only use power outlets that can supply an earth to the instrument.

# Safety Symbol

 $\Delta$  Caution: Refer to associated instructions given in this Manual.

# About this Manual

This Reference Manual is for a monitoring system comprising a 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor and its associated PC software package BZ 6012.

The software for 1316A-1 is available in a Windows® XP and Vista version as:

BZ6012 for 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor

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# Chapter 1

# **Introduction and Specifications**

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# 1.1 Broad Overview

The 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor simultaneously measures the concentration of up to 5 Gases. The concentration of each gas is expressed as ppm or a volume percentage referenced to dry gas condition.

The measurement principles are based on Non Dispersive Infrared (NDIR) and Electrochemical Sensors. A full discussion of these principles is contained in <u>section 1.4</u>.

The monitor is designed to be integrated into permanent monitoring systems to provide fast and accurate measurement results over a wide range of concentrations.

The monitor comes complete with PC software that allows you to configure and calibrate the monitor prior to measuring, display the measurement data numerically and/or graphically while measurements are being made. The stored data can be recalled at a later stage for closer examination.

# **1.2 Monitor System Description**

Figure 1.1 shows a flow diagram of the 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor.

There are three basic blocks:

- 1. Pneumatic with pump and three-way-valve.
- 2. Control Software and PC Interface
- 3. NDIR Module VM0100A and Module (UA1372) with Electro Chemical Sensors

# 1.2.1 Control Software and PC Interface

This block contains microprocessor based electronics that take care of interfacing the monitor to a PC via an RS-232 or USB link, send control data to the measuring system and receive measurement data from the measuring system.

There are no external controls on the monitor apart from the mains On/Off switch. All configuration of the monitor is, therefore, done over the serial link or USB link using a PC running the specially developed BZ 6012 software.



Figure 1.1 Flow diagram of the 1316A-1A-1 Multi Gas Monitor

# 1.2.2 NDIR Module and UA1372 Module (Optional) Measuring System

This block is the heart of the monitor. It contains the Infrared source the sample cell and the Detector with specialized optical filters and processing electronics necessary to do highly accurate measurement of gas concentrations.

The UA1372 are connected to the NDIR module for data transfer to the Controlling PC Software.

Measurement samples are sucked into the measurement chambers via the Gas Inlet or the Zero Gas Inlet, depending upon the command from the BZ6012. The internal gas-circuits (see <u>figure 1.1</u>) are arranged such that samples pass through the measurement chamber in a continuous flow and directed from the NDIR sample cell to the UA1372 Module to the Electrochemical Sensors. Exhaust gases are expelled via the gas outlet. The Zero Gas used for zero calibration of the NDIR Module and for Span Calibrating the Oxygen Sensor is drawn via the Zero Gas inlet.

# 1.2.3 Power Supply

The power supply included in the 1316A-1 can be directly connected to a wide range of single phase mains supplies and still be able to produce the stable voltages required to keep the monitor within calibration.

# 1.3 Software Description

The BZ 6012 software is menu driven specifically written to control the 1316A-1 monitor. The software allows you to change the operational parameters and see the results of measurements on the PC screen.

The software can be used to control up to four Multi Gas Monitors 1316A-1 including these instruments in your system allows up to 4 different sample points to be controlled measured by the BZ6012.

You can also use the PC's filing system to save a series of measurements for later recall any other PC software that can interpret a space delimited file, for example certain spreadsheet programs.

Note though that the save-to-disk process is not a dump of data from the 1316A-1 to the PC, but a process in which the data log file on the PC is updated continuously.

Therefore, to use the PC to log data, it must be constantly attached to the 1316A-1.

As well as providing control over the measurement configuration of the monitor, the software also has calibration procedures that allow you to calibrate the monitor against known reference gas concentrations.

## 1.3.1 NDIR Module and the optional UA1372 Module Versions

LumaSense offers several NDIR modules giving the possibility to configure the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 for different applications. Please contact your local LumaSense A/S representative for further information.

LumaSense Electrochemical Sensors to be mounted in the Manifold of the UA1372. Beside Oxygen (VM0200 A) it is possible to install a, NO (VM0201A) sensor. Please contact your local LumaSense A/S representative for further information.

The NDIR Module and the Electrochemical Sensors are to be specified prior to purchase.

The Multi Gas Monitor INNOVA 1316A-1 is delivered as specified by the Customer.

# 1.4 NDIR Gas Measurement

The Module VM0100A measures the following sample gas concentrations: Carbon Dioxide  $(CO_{2})$ , Carbon Monoxide (CO), and Hydro Carbons (HC) either with reference to N-Hexane or Propane (selectable from the BZ6012 Application Software)

And the UA1372 is as an example given with an  $O_2,\ \text{and}\ \text{NO}\ \text{sensor}\ \text{installed}.$ 

#### 1.4.1 HC, CO and CO<sub>2</sub> Measurement

The NDIR measurement method uses fixed, non-scanning infrared light frequencies to characterize HC. CO, and  $CO_2$ gas concentrations. NDIR absorption profiles are the basis for measurement. The concentration of a gas volume is a function of the quantity of gas molecules in the sample. The absorption of infrared light increases with the number of gas molecules in the light path. As infrared-absorbing the concentration of gas increases, the transmission of infrared light decreases. A basic NDIR measurement system includes the following elements:

- **Sample** The portion of the gas is transported to the 1316A-1 where particulates are **Delivery:** removed before the gas is introduced to the NDIR module.
- **Infrared** An infrared light source produces a wide range of light at frequencies covering the infrared band and extending into the visible spectrum.
- Sample The gas to be measured is transported through a sample cell that allows infrared light to pass through the sample.
- **Infrared** An optical band pass filter is used to select a specific band of infrared light. The filters: filter wavelength is based on the gas to be measured. Separate infrared filters are used in the measurement of HC, CO, and CO<sub>2</sub> gas concentrations.

Infrared light not absorbed by the sample gas is transmitted to infrared detectors.Detector: The detectors produce an output voltage that is proportional to the measured light.

See <u>figure 1.2</u>



Figure 1.2 Simple NDIR Gas Monitor

# 1.4.2 The Infrared Transmission Spectra.

The concentration of a subject gas in the sample is computed as a function of the light intensity measured by the detector. The figure below characterizes the absorption and band pass filter curves for HC, CO, and  $CO_2$  gases.



Figure 1.3 Infrared Transmission Spectra for Hexane, Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide.

# 1.4.3 The NDIR Module Building blocks

## **Infrared Source**

A current-regulated infrared (IR) source provides a photon stream in the range of 2 to 5 microns. Light is collimated and directed through the sample cell to the optical block. The source is modulated at 1 Hz, with a duty cycle of 50%.



Figure 1.4 The Optics of the NDIR Module.

# Sample Cell

The sample cell is a gold-coated glass chamber that provides a means for the infrared source to pass through the sample gas. Infrared-transparent sapphire windows are provided at each end of the cell. A microprocessor controlled transducer and thermistor provide measurement compensation for sample gas temperature and pressure variances. Sample gas exits the cell at the end opposite the IR source and is directed to the UA1372 manifold for  $O_2$  or  $O_2/NO$  measurement.

# **Optical Block**

Infrared light not absorbed by the sample gas is transmitted to the optical assembly. The remaining light is directed to the band pass filters and on through to the quad detector.

The filter wavelengths are optimised to match the absorption spectra of Hydrocarbons, Carbon Dioxide and Carbon Monoxide.

The filter associated with Hydrocarbons is centred on 3.46  $\mu$ m (2889 cm<sup>-1</sup>), the filter associated with Carbon Dioxide is centred on 4.43

 $\mu$ m (2260 cm<sup>-1</sup>), and the filter associated with Carbon Monoxide is centred on 4.65  $\mu$ m (2150 cm<sup>-1</sup>).

In the measurement chamber the three beams, which differ in wavelength frequency, each excite their respective gas (if present). The absorption of the incident light will be registered by the Detector.

# System Board Assembly

The system board assembly is a surface-mount printed circuit board that includes the digital and analogue electronic components and the IR detector assembly. The IR detector assembly includes thermopile IR detectors for the HC, CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, and reference channels. Light passed through the band pass filters is directed through the thermopile window to a detector substrate. The substrate has a lightsensitive coating, which produces a voltage that is proportional to light intensity. A reference voltage is produced by the reference detector, which provides an output that varies with light intensity and is not affected by the sample gas. The HC detector includes a thermistor. The detector block temperature measurement facilitates compensation for IR filter and IR detector temperature variances. The detector outputs are amplified and sent through a multiplexer to an ADC converter. The microprocessor samples the ADC converter output at 200 Hz and derives an uncompensated digital value representing each gas concentration. The data are subjected to a compensation routine that provides adjustment for temperature and pressure variances. The digital value representing each gas concentration is derived.

## 1.4.4 The NDIR Temperature Measurements.

The analyzer incorporates several thermistors for the measurement of temperatures.

## IR Detector/Filter Temperature (HC Temperature):

A thermistor located in the optical assembly measures the IR detector and IR filter temperature. It is used as follows:

"Gas law compensation" and detector response compensation during HC, CO and CO<sub>2</sub> gas concentration measurement.

Span calibration (via the use of temperature compensated HC,  $CO_2$  and CO data).

An "out of range" IR detector/filter temperature condition causes HC, CO<sub>2</sub> and CO data to be declared "data invalid."

In the Module the IR Detector/Filter Temperature is monitored to set the zero request bit as follows:

Zero Request if a  $\pm 5^{\circ}$ C temperature change has occurred.

Ambient Temperature Out Of Range is set when the IR Detector/Filter Temperature is not within its allowed range.

#### Sample Cell Temperature:

The Module sample cell temperature is monitored by a thermistor in contact with the sample cell. This temperature measurement is used as follows:

An "out of range" sample cell temperature condition causes HC,  $CO_2$  and CO data to be declared "data invalid."

Sample Cell Temperature Out Of Range is set when the Sample Cell Temperature is not within its allowed range.

#### NO Sensor Temperature:

A thermistor located in each NO sensor assembly monitors NO sensor temperature. It is used as follows:

Sensor response during NO gas concentration measurement.

An "out of range" NO sensor temperature condition causes NO data to be declared "data invalid. "The NDIR Pressure Measurements.

## 1.4.5 The NDIR Pressure Measurements.

The Module includes two pressure transducers for measurement of the pressures. An absolute pressure transducer measures the pressure in the sample cell. A differential pressure transducer on the power section of the Printed Circuit Board (PCB) measures the difference between ambient pressure and the sample gas pressure between the inlet port and the pump. These pressure measurements are used as follows:

**Sample Cell Pressure (absolute)**. Sample cell pressure is used as follows:

Gas law compensation" during HC, CO and  $CO_2$  gas concentration measurement.

Zero/ $O_2$  Span and Span calibration (via the use of temperature compensated HC,  $CO_2$  and CO data).

During a Zero/ $O_2$  Span calibration, sample delivery pressure is compared to ambient pressure (see below). If the difference is too great, the Out Flow Fault status bit is set true and the pump is switched Off.

## 1.4.6 The O<sub>2</sub> and NO Measurement

 $O_2$  and NO gas concentration are measured using electrochemical (fuel cell) sensors. A fuel cell sensor provides an electrical response that is proportional to the concentration of the sample gas.

The NDIR Module sample-cell exhaust is directed to UA1372 manifold for  $O_2$  or  $O_2/NO$  measurement. Sample gas is delivered to the  $O_2$  and NO sensors through this manifold. The  $O_2$  sensor provides a linear output of approximately 9 to 13 milli-volts that is proportional to the Oxygen concentration in the sample. The NO sensor provides a linear output of approximately 50 nano-amperes per ppm of nitric oxide over the range of 0 to 5000 ppm in the gas sample. A 3-volt lithium battery is included on the NO sensor to retain bias voltage when source power is not applied.

Both  $O_2$  and NO sensor outputs are sent to an ADC converter that provides digital values representing gas concentration. Gas concentration is determined by comparing sensor output at calibration with the output of the sample measurement.

By calibrating the system with known concentrations of Hydrocarbon, Carbon Dioxide, Carbon Monoxide, and for the UA1372 option Oxygen and NO the absolute concentration values can be calculated.

In normal practice ambient air is used as the reference gas for the Oxygen measurement as it contains a stable amount of Oxygen – 20.95 % referenced to dry gas condition.

# Chapter 2

# **Installation and Getting Started**

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# 2.1 Installing the Monitor

The rear panel has a serial-link and a USB socket for the PC interface. The mains input, sample gas inlet and outlet for expelled gas samples are located on the rear panel.

# 2.1.1 Operating Environment

The following environmental conditions must be observed:

- Safe ambient operating temperatures range from 5°C to 40°C
- Humidity should not exceed 90% RH non-condensing.

**Warning!** The monitor is not intended for use in explosive environments.

#### 2.1.2 The Gas Sample Line

The gas to be sampled (measured) is drawn from the sample point via a sample line at a flow rate of 800 ml/min. Various types of sample lines are available depending on the individual application. The sample line tubing between the sample point and the monitor should be kept as short as possible to assist response times. If you are unsure about the type of sample line for your application, contact your *LumaSense* representative for advice before installing the system.

Up to 100 m tube (AF0614) with internal diameter 3mm can be attached. The response time is then 70 sec.

**Note:** You must use a filter in the gas-line immediately before the gas-line enters the monitor. The UD 5091A in-line filter (optional accessory) is ideal for this purpose.

The gas inlet for the sample line is located on the rear panel of the monitor. If the dew point of the gas sample is comparable to the temperature in the monitor, Nafion tubing UD5037 can be used to remove water and eliminate the risk of condensation inside the monitor

Nafion is impermeable to  $O_2$ ,  $CO_2$ , CO and most hydrocarbons, whereas alcohols and other gases will completely or partly penetrate through the material. Contact an *LumaSense* Technical Support representative for advice on whether or not to use Nafion when monitoring a particular gas.

You should protect the Nafion tubing against the effects of ultraviolet light, as this reduces the tubes lifetime. Nafion tubing should be replaced at regular intervals to ensure that it still behaves according to specification.

# 2.1.3 Mains Supply

Warning. The monitor must be used with protective earth.

The monitor operates in the AC voltage range from 100 - 240 V on a single phase supply, 50 Hz - 60 Hz, 40 VA.

The power cable is connected to a socket on the rear panel. The onoff switch is located immediately above this socket.

#### 2.1.4 Checking and Changing the Fuses

On delivery ensure that the correct fuses are used. See <u>section</u> 5.1.2.

# 2.2 The BZ 6012 Software

This software provides procedures to:

- Set-up and Calibrate the monitor prior to measuring
- Display measurement data as coloured graphics or numeric values
- Store measurement data in a log file on the PC's disk while measurements are being made
- Control up to four Multi Gas Monitors INNOVA 1316A-1

The BZ6012 application can be installed by using the BZ6012 software CD-ROM.

#### 2.2.1 Computer Requirements

The minimum requirements to run this software are:

Processor	Minimum:	1	gigahertz	(GHz)	Pentium
	processor				

#### Chapter 2

Operating System	Windows XP (minimum Service Pack 2) Windows Vista Microsoft Windows 2003 Server Service Pack 1 (SP1)
RAM	Minimum: 512 MB (Vista: 1024 MB)
Hard Disk	Up to 100 MB of available space may be required.
Display	Minimum: 1024 x 768 high color, 32-bit
Total port connections	1 RS232 port or 1 USB port
CD-ROM drive	

# 2.2.2 Installing the BZ6012 Software on the PC

Before the software can be installed and started, the PC must fulfil the necessary requirements (see section 2.2.1). It is recommended that the person who installs the BZ6012 application is familiar with installing programs i.e. your system administrator.

- 1. Switch on the computer and its peripherals.
- 2. Login as Administrator and make a new User Account in the Control Panel with the user name 'BZ6012'. Create this BZ6012 user with Administrator rights.
- 3. Logout and login as the new user named BZ6012.
- 4. Insert the BZ6012 Application software CD-ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive and wait for the auto-start of the BZ6012 installation package. In case that auto-start is disabled for your CD drive, you will manually need to start the BZ6012 installation package found on the software CD-ROM disk.
- 5. After a while the welcoming window appears. Select 'Next' to continue installation.



6. In the next window it's possible to change the directory on the hard disk where the BZ6012 program will be installed. Normally this should not be changed. Select 'Next' to continue installation.

😼 BZ6012 Setup
Select Installation Folder This is the folder where BZ6012 will be installed.
To install in this folder, click "Next". To install to a different folder, enter it below or click "Browse".
Eolder: C:\Program Files\LumaSense Technologies\BZ6012\ Br <u>o</u> wse
Advanced Installer

7. Now you're ready to install the BZ6012 software. Select 'Install' to begin the installation.

📴 BZ6012 Setup
Ready to Install     Setup Wizard is ready to begin the Typical installation
Click Install to begin the installation. If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
Advanced Installer

8. During installation the following window appears.

🛃 BZ6012 Setup
Installing BZ6012
Please wait while the Setup Wizard installs BZ6012. This may take several minutes.
Status:
Advanced Installer

9. When installation is completed you just select 'Finish' in order to finish the installation of the BZ6012.



- a. It is now possible to start the BZ6012 Application by using BZ6012 shortcuts found
- b. on the desktop or
- c. in Start -> All Programs -> LumaSense Technologies -> BZ6012.

# 2.2.3 Installing the USB driver for the 1316A-1

Before connecting the 1316A-1 monitor the USB driver for the 1316A-1A-1 USB interface must be installed.

- Insert the "USB driver for Multi Gas Monitor INNOVA 1316A-1" CD-ROM disk into the CD-ROM drive and wait for the autostart of the USB driver. In case that auto-start is disabled for your CD drive, you will manually need to start the executable driver file named "CP210x\_VCP\_Win2K\_XP\_S2K3.exe" found on the software CD-ROM disk.
- 2. After a while the welcoming window appears. Select 'Next' to continue installation.



3. In the "License Agreement" window accept the terms. Select 'Next' to continue installation.

Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Ser 🔀
License Agreement Please read the following license agreement carefully.
END-USER LICENSE AGREEMENT IMPORTANT: READ CAREFULLY BEFORE AGREEING TO TERMS SILICON LABORATORIES INC., SILICON LABORATORIES INTERNATIONAL PTE. LTD., AND THEIR AFFILIATES (COLLECTIVELY, "SILICON LABS") HAVE DEVELOPED CERTAIN MATERIALS (E.G., DEVELOPMENT TOOLS, EXAMPLE CODE, EMBEDDABLE CODE, DLLs, SOFTWARE/COMPUTER PROGRAMS AND OTHER THIRD PARTY PROPRIETARY MATERIAL) ("LICENSED MATERIALS") THAT YOU MAY USE IN CONJUNCTION WITH SILICON LABS' MCU PRODUCTS. ANY USE OF THE LICENSED MATERIALS IS SUBJECT TO THIS END-USER LICENSE EXCEPTION TO THE ANY USE OF THE LICENSE
I go not accept the terms of the license agreement
InstallShield

4. In the "Choose Destination Location" window select 'Next' to continue installation.

Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Ser 🔀
Choose Destination Location Select folder where setup will install files.
Setup will install Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Server/Vista in the following folder.
To install to this folder, click Next. To install to a different folder, click Browse and select another folder.
c:\SiLabs\MCU
InstallShield
< <u>B</u> ack <u>N</u> ext > Cancel

5. In the "Ready to Install the Program" window select 'Next' to continue the installation.

Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Ser 🔀
Ready to Install the Program The wizard is ready to begin installation.
Click Install to begin the installation.
If you want to review or change any of your installation settings, click Back. Click Cancel to exit the wizard.
InstallShield

## 6. Wait for the "Setup Status" window to finish.

Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Ser 🔀
Setup Status
The InstallShield Wizard is installing Silicon Laboratories CP210x VCP Drivers for Windows 2000/XP/2003 Server/Vista
InstallShield Cancel

7. In the "InstallShield Wizard Complete" window select 'Finish' to continue the installation. Please do not un-tick or change the "Launch the CP210x VCP Driver Installer" setting.



8. In the following pop-up window select 'Install' to install the USB driver for 1316A-1.

昺 Silic	on Laboratories CP210x USE	8 to UART Bridge Driver Installer 🔀	
Silicon Laboratories Silicon Laboratories CP210x USB to UART Bridge			
Instal	lation Location:	Driver Version 5.4	
C:\Program Files\Silabs\MCU\CP210x\			
Cł	nange Install Location	Install Cancel	

9. After installing the USB driver for 1316A-1 you are asked to restart your PC.

System Settings Change							
?	You must restart your computer before the new settings will take effect.						
~	Do you want to restart your computer now?						
	<u>Y</u> es <u>N</u> o						

10. This concludes the installation of the USB driver for the 1316A-1.

# 2.2.4 Verification of the Software BZ6012 Version.

Pull down the Help Menu

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
			About

Select About.

Following Window is shown

+ About	
+	LumaSense Technologies A/S BZ6012 Application Program for Type 1316 Version Rev 1.01, 3/9/2009 Copyright (c) 2009
	OK

Figure 2.3. About Window

# 2.3 Connecting the Monitor to the PC

For the 1316A-1 monitor and PC to communicate, the two must be linked together. The 1316A-1 monitor can be connected to the PC either using the RS-232 connector or the USB connector on the monitor's rear panel.

The monitor has a standard RS – 232, 9 pin male/female socket on its rear panel. This is the digital interface used to communicate with the 1316A-1 monitor. This must be connected to a free serial port (COM port) on the computer using a serial interface cable. Before connecting either end of the selected RS-232 interface cable to the respective instrument, ensure that both instruments are turned off, otherwise you are liable to damage the sensitive circuitry in either the monitor, the computer, or both.

The 1316A-1 monitor also has a standard USB socket on its rear panel. This is the digital interface used to communicate with the

1316A-1 monitor. This must be connected to a free USB port on your computer using a USB cable. Please make sure that the USB driver is installed before connecting the 1316A-1 with the PC. The USB cable is hot pluggable, meaning that it can be connected while the PC and the 1316A-1 monitor is on.

When making the connection to the computer, note down which COM port you have used – you will require this information to set up the communication parameters. You may choose to use the ports COM1 to COM4. If you are unsure, refer to information about your computer to identify the port name. When using an USB connection between the 1316A-1 and the PC the USB connection will appear as a USB virtual COM port (Silicon Labs CP210x USB to UART Bridge), which can be checked in the "Device Manager"-view on the PC, see figure 2.4.

The (USB) virtual COM port must be between COM1-COM4 in order for the BZ6012 to communicate with the 1316A-1 monitor. If it is COM5 or higher it must be assigned to a COM port in the range COM1-COM4, by changing the properties of the virtual COM port using the "Device Manager".



Figure 2.4 : Windows "Device Manager" showing the virtual COM port for the USB connection.

# 2.4 Starting the Monitor

After connecting the PC to the monitor, you can turn on the PC and the monitor.

There is a signal lamp (LED) on the front panel of the monitor, giving:

• Power Signal (green) — lights constantly when power is applied to the power supply.

# 2.5 Starting the BZ6012 Software

Once the software has been installed on the PC as described in <u>section 2.2.2</u> and the interface connections between the monitor and the PC have been made (<u>section 2.3</u>), you can start the software.

Please make sure that the 1316A-1 monitor is connected and powered up before starting the BZ6012 software, or else the BZ6012 software will not be able to detect and communicate with the 1316A-1 monitor.

When using an USB connection between the 1316A-1 monitor and the PC, please make sure that the (USB) virtual COM port is assigned in the range COM1-COM4 or else the BZ6012 will not be able to detect the 1316A-1 monitor. Please refer to <u>section 2.3</u> how to reassign the virtual COM port.

## 2.5.1 To start the Software

- 1. Double click on the BZ6012 Icon on the Desktop or browse for the program by clicking on start.
- 2. Browse for the BZ6012 program in Start -> All Programs -> LumaSense Technologies -> BZ6012.
- 3. After installation the Software is setup to start automatically when making a logon as the BZ6012 user.

The main menu screen will be displayed on screen (see figure 2.5).



Figure 2.5 The BZ6012's Main Menu Screen

# 2.6 Using the Software

This section explains the various parts of the screen and tells you how to use the menu system to "drive" the software. Feel free to try the various movement commands as you read through this text. Note: If an incorrect COM port is set, not every screen will be available to you.

## 2.6.1 Screen Layout

Nearly every screen presented in the BZ 6012 software is based upon the same screen design. The main exception to this is the measurement screen. The Main Menu screen, see figure 2.5, is an example of a "standard" screen.

## 2.6.2 Title Bar

Located at the top of the screen, this area gives the title of the BZ6012 program.

## 2.6.3 Menu Bar

Located below the title bar, this area offers pull-down menus used for choosing the different setups, measurement, calibration or utilities.

## 2.6.4 Workspace

The workspace is the main area of a screen on which information and parameter values are printed.

#### 2.6.5 Settings

Located below the workspace area.

Used to select the settings for the measurement task to perform. Soft Keys to Start and Stop a measurement task and to Start a Zero calibration are also located in the Settings area.

#### 2.6.6 Active Benches

Located in the bottom part of the Main screen. Show the COM ports used for up to four Type 1316A-1 attached to the BZ6012.

#### 2.6.7 Moving around the Screen

The BZ 6012 is menu-driven software. You move around the screen to **highlight** the parameter or option fields you want to work with.

The **<Tab**> key will move the cursor to the next field.

<**Shift**> <**Tab**> will move you to the previous field.

#### 2.6.8 Entering Values

Enter numeric values via the keyboard.

If you enter a value that is out of the expected range, there will be an error window and you must enter a value within range.

Pressing on <ok> returns you to the Main Menu and writes any changes you have made either to the configuration file or to the 1316A-1 monitor, whichever is appropriate.

# 2.7 Selecting the Correct Serial Port

Before using the monitor, it must be ensured that the BZ 6012 software is set to use the same serial port (COM port) as that physically used. Please refer to <u>section 2.3</u> to select the correct port for your 1316A-1 monitor. To set the correct port, do the following procedure:

1. With the Main Menu screen displayed, Select the COM port in the bottom part of the screen.

2. The system should now be ready for use.

# 2.8 Starting a Measurement

Press the Soft Key, **START.** A measurement task is started and with the Gas Conc ticked in the Settings Field on the Main Screen data is shown as numeric values in the Work Space part of the screen, see <u>figure 2.5</u>.

# 2.9 Stopping a Measurement Task

To stop the measurement task press the **STOP** soft key. To exit the Program and return to the Windows desktop press the **EXIT** Soft Key.

# Chapter 3

# Configuration and displaying measurement results

February 2011

# 3.1 General Information

This chapter guides you through the configuration options available on the Main Menu. You should configure both the software (the BZ 6012 program) and the hardware (the 1316A-1 monitor(s) installed) to suit your local requirements before calibrations and measurements are made.

It is assumed that your 1316A-1 monitor and computer have been installed correctly and you are familiar with using the software. For instructions on installation and using the software see <u>Chapter 2</u>.

Note: the calibration procedure is covered in Chapter 4.

# 3.2 Software Configuration

## 3.2.1 BZ 6012 Main Menu

From the main Menu (see <u>figure 3.1</u>) select the appropriate settings for the monitoring task.

If the COM ports are set up correctly it is possible to select just to press the Start Soft key and the measured data will be displayed.

## 3.2.2 Description of the Settings in the Main Menu Screen.

#### Time stamp:

Activating the Time Stamp gives a read out of measurement data with the PC's time stamp.

#### **Relative Time:**

Using the relative Time the data is presented on a time axis in seconds from the time when measurement was started.

#### Gas Conc:

Selecting this gives a read out of Gas concentrations. see <u>figure 3.1</u>.

+ BZ6012 A	pplication Pr	ogram for Tyr	pe 1316, Rev	1.03, 6/26/2	2009				
File Screens Bench Commands Help									
Time	CO2 [%] Bn 3	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]				
14:41:31	0,00	0,000	0	0,00	0				
14:41:32	0,00	0,000	0	0,00	0				
14:41:33	0,00	0,000	0	0,00	0				
14:41:34	0,00	0,000	-1	0,00	0				
14:41:35	0,06	0,000	-1	0,00	U				
14:41:36	2,81	0,000	-1	0,00	U				
14-41-38	1,02	0,000	-1	0,00	0				
14.41.30	0,00	0,000	-1	0,00	0				
14:41:40	0.23	0.000	-1	0,00	ů O				
14:41:41	0,19	0,000	-2	0,00	0				
14:41:42	0,15	0,000	-2	0,00	0				
14:41:43	0,13	0,000	-2	0,00	0				
<									>
Settings     Start     Zero     Exit       ✓ Time Stamp     ○ Mean     ✓ OK     Stop     Clear     Zero     Exit       ✓ Hean     ○ Mean+STDEV     ✓ OK     Stop     Clear     Zero     Comment     Zero								E <u>x</u> it	
HC Mode File Log C On C Off									
Com 1	16 ACI	or NAK			Com 2	A	K or NAK		
Com 3 Zero O2 Span calibration ACK.									

Figure 3.1. BZ6012 Main Window showing real time measurement results. Averaging None

## HC mode

Gives the possibility to select the reference for measurement of Hydro Carbons. It is possible to have the data presented as either Hexane or Propane.

## Averaging

None, Mean or Mean+STDEV

Using *None* the data will be displayed in real time without averaging see figure 3.1.

Using *Mean* the number of samples selected in the **Number of samples** field will be read out as Mean values in the upper part of the Main Window and the real time results in the bottom part of the window see <u>figure 3.2</u>
+ BZ6012 A	oplication Pr	ogram for Tvr	e 1316. Rev	1.03. 6/26/2	2009	
<u>File Screen</u> s	Bench Command	is <u>H</u> elp				
Time	CO2 [%] Bn 3	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]	
14:07:10 14:07:14 14:07:18 14:07:22	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,43	0,000 0,000 0,002 0,002	-2 -2 -2 -3	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	
14:07:26	0,17	0,001	-3	0,00	0,00	
14:07:25	0,13	0,001	-3	0,00	0	
14:07:26	0,12	0,001	-2	0,00	0	
14:07:27	0,11	0,001	-2	U,UU 0 00	0	
<		-,		-,		
Settings Time St Relative Gas Co	amp e Time ncu	C Mode		○ None ⓒ Mean ○ Mean+ Number of		Start     Zero       Stop     Clear       Comment     Comment
		Hex C Prop		4		File Log C On G Off
Com 1 Tx Rx	ACI	or NAK			Com 2	ACK or NAK
						1
Com 3	ata Status ACK				Com 4	I
<b>∀</b> 3					□ 4	

Figure 3.2. BZ6012 Main Window showing measurement results using averaging over 4 samples. Mean values are in the upper part and real time values in the bottom part.

*Mean+STDEV* gives the mean value and the standard deviation value. The standard deviation value for the number of samples selected is given in the Middle part of the window. See <u>figure 3.3</u>.

+ B76012 (	Innlication Pr	ogram for Tvi	ne 1316 Rev	1.03 6/26/2	0009	
File Screens	Bench Command	ls <u>H</u> elp	001010,100	1100, 012012		
 Time	CO2 [%] Bn 3	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]	
14:09:56 14:10:00 14:10:04 14:10:08	0,00 0,00 0,09 0,01	0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000	-3 -3 -3 -3	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00	
14:10:08	0,0300	0,0000	0,0000	0,0000	0,0000	
14:10:08	0,00	0,000	-3	0,00	0	
14:10:09	0,00	0,000	-3	0,00	0	
	0,00	0,000	-3	0,00	0	
14.10.11	0,00	0,000	-2	0,00	0	
Settings Time SI Relative Gas Co	amp e Time nc (*	C Mode Hex (*) Prop		C None C Mean ⊙ Mean+ Number of 4	STDEV samples	OK Start Zero Exit Stop Clear Comment Comment Comment File Log C On © Off
Com 1 Tx Rx	ACK	or NAK			Com 2	ACK or NAK
					Γ2	1
Com 3	ata Status ACK				Com 4	
<b>▼</b> 3					Γ 4	

Figure 3.3. BZ6012 Main Window showing measurement data. Upper part giving the mean value, Middle part the standard deviation value for the selected number of samples. Bottom part displays the real time measurement values.

To change the settings select, none, mean or mean+STDEV and the number of samples to use during averaging. Press **OK** and then **START** the window is now updated according to the new settings.

# Zero

It is possible to select either *Auto* or *Manual*.

If *Auto* is selected then the Monitor will automatically perform zero calibrations upon request from the Module. Notice that during a zero calibration the Oxygen sensor (option) will be span calibrated with ambient oxygen level.

If *Manual* is selected press the Soft Key **Zero** to perform a Zero calibration.

To see if a zero calibration is requested pull down the Screens drop down and select Status.



The Status screen will be displayed, see figure 3.4.

Please also see the section	Zero Soft K	ey.
-----------------------------	-------------	-----

+ Status				
System Status				
Operating Mode	Startup			
Zero Required	Required			
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
Pump On / Off	ON			
HC / Propane	HC			
Data Status 1, 2				
C02	Valid			
CO	Valid			
HC	Valid			
02	Valid			
NO	Valid			
Sample Temp Err	ОК			
Problem Status				
Pump In Flow	ОК			
New NO Sensor	OK			
New 02 Sensor	OK			
IR Signal Lost	, ОК			
Pump Out Flow	ОК			
Amb Temp Range	ОК			
Pump Low Flow	ОК			
Leak Check	OK			
1316 C 1 C 2 ⊙ 3 C 4 Update				

Figure 3.4. The Status screen

# File Log.

Selecting File Log on gives the opportunity to have the measured data stored in a log file on the PC's Hard Disk.

To create a data log file pull down the File menu bar and select "New File":

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
N	ew File		

Following picture will occur:

Save As		? 🛛
Save in: 🗀 1316	▼ ⇔ €	) 📸 🎟 •
File <u>n</u> ame: 1316	xxx-yyy.LOG	<u>S</u> ave
Save as type: Log	Files	Cancel

Figure 3.5. Creating a log file.

Change the file name and select the location where to save the file.

To switch ON/Off the data log use the **File Log** setting on the Main Window workspace.

When you stop a measurement, the current data file can be closed. To close a log file pull down the file menu and select Close File:



Should you restart measurement in the same software session you will be given the choice to append the new measurement data to the file. To do so pull down the file menu and select Append to file.

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
N	ew File		
A	ppend to fil	e	

The measured data is stored in a format that is easily transferred to, and used by, spreadsheet programs like for instance Microsoft Excel.

The format of the data in the file is shown below.

Data separator: space

Text delimiter: none

Decimal separator: 0.00

#### Start Soft Key

On pressing the **Start** Soft Key data is collected by the BZ6012 Application Software to be displayed on the screen.

Start can also be activated by pulling down the Bench Command menu and select Data/Status

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
File	Screens	Bench Commands Data / Status Zero / O2 Span Span Calibration System Id Miscellaneous Da Pump On / Off Device Control Reset Span New NO Sensor Channel Switch Pressure Data	Help Calibration ata ON/OFF command
		Standby Enable; Soft Reset	/Disable
		Standby Enable; Soft Reset	/Disable
		Mode Select	

The following window will appear:

🕂 Data Status	- 🗆 ×
Hydro Carbon Mode <ul> <li>Hexane</li> <li>Propane</li> </ul> <li>Data Rate <ul> <li>Stop Continuous</li> <li>One Packet</li> <li>Continuous</li> </ul> </li>	1316 ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 Close ? Help
ACK, NAK, Timeout Serial Number	

Figure 3.6. The Data Status window.

It is from this window possible to select to have the data transmitted as **One Packet** for a number of measurement results or to have the data transmitted continuously.

# Stop Soft Key

On pressing the **Stop** Soft Key data transmission is stopped.

Stopping a measurement sequence can also be accomplished by pulling down the Bench Command menu and select Data/Status. Using Stop Continuous in the Data Status picture (See figure 3.6) data transmission is stopped.

#### Zero Soft Key

On pressing the **Zero** Soft Key a zero calibration is performed on the NDIR Module and if an Oxygen sensor is mounted the Oxygen sensor are span calibrated with room air.

Gas concentration data is only valid after a successful zero calibration.

Zero request interval timeout (90 seconds after POR (power-onreset), followed by a 3 minute then a 6 minute interval and 30 minutes thereafter).

Zero is also done when:

- After a ±3°C change in detector temperature.
- When an ADC input range error occurs on one or more IR channel (CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, HC, reference).

Zero calibration compensates for conditions that affect gas concentration measurement.

Examples of these conditions are as follows:

Changes in ambient temperature.

Short-term sample cell contamination caused by inadequate particle filtering.

Long-term sample cell contamination caused by deposits on the sample cell wall or windows.

Zero calibration execution time is typically 30 to 45 seconds, including a purge time that depends on the pneumatics configuration and a fixed calibration time of 20 seconds.

#### **Clear Soft Key**

Using the **Clear** Soft Key the data is removed from the screen.

#### Comment Soft Key.

Activating the **Comment** Soft Key gives the opportunity to have a text / comment stored in the log file on the PC's Hard disk.

+ BZ6012 A	pplication Pr	ogram for Ty	pe 1316, Rev	1.03, 6/26/2	009					
<u>File</u> Scree <u>n</u> s	Bench Command	is <u>H</u> elp								
Time	RTime	CO2 [%] Bn 3	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]				
14: 11: 23 14: 11: 24 14: 11: 24 14: 11: 25 14: 11: 25 14: 11: 27 14: 11: 28 14: 11: 29 14: 11: 30 14: 11: 31 14: 11: 32 14: 11: 33	429 430 431 432 433 433 434 435 436 437 438 438 439	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 2,21 3,23 1,70 0,84 0,52	0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000 0,000	-2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -2 -	0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,00 0,0	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
14:11:34	440	0,29	0,000	-2	0,00	0				
Settings Time St Relative Gas Con Active 13	amp e Time nc 16	C Mode Hex (C) Prop		♥ None ♥ Mean ♥ Mean+ Number of 4	STDEV samples		art <u>Z</u> ero op Clea <u>r</u>	<u>C</u> omment	Zero Auto Manual File Log On @ Off	<u>Exit</u>
Com 1 Tx Rx T 1 Com 3 Da	ACI	Kor NAK			Com 2 Tx Rx □ 2 Com 4 □ 4	, 	ACK or NAK			

Figure 3.7. The BZ 6012 Main menu screen showing Time, Relative time and Gas Concentrations for a 1316A-1 attached to COM port 3.

#### 3.2.3 Gas Curves

To have a graphical presentation of the measurement data Select the *Screens* pull down and select either Graphics1 or Graphics2.



# Graphics1.

In the Graphics 1 mode the x-axis is a time axis.

The concentrations of all gases are presented using 2 y-axis. The primary y-axis for  $CO_2$ , CO and  $O_2$  in a percentage (%) scale. And the secondary y-axis to present measurement data for CH and NO in a ppm scale. See <u>figure 3.8</u>.





# Channels Field.

The Channels field in the bottom part of the Graphics1 screen is used to:

*Select the gases* for which the measurement data is to be presented in the graphical screen by setting a tick-mark.

*Change the scaling for the two axis*. The scale is changed by keying in appropriate values in the Min, Max boxes for each Channel.

After changing the scale and selection of the gases to be shown on the graph press the **APPLY** Soft Key to activate the new settings.

# 1316A-1 Field.

This field is used to change the screen displayed between the up to four different 1316A-1 to display the measurement result.

# Start, Stop, Freeze, Clear Soft Keys.

**START** and **STOP** Soft Keys is used to start and stop a measurement display respectively.

**CLEAR** Soft Key is used to refresh the screen display.

**FREEZE** is used to freeze the displayed screen while the monitoring task is still running.

#### Graphics2.

In the Graphics2 mode the x-axis is a time axis. The y-axis is divided to present an individual axis for each gas. See figure 3.9.



Figure 3.9 The BZ 6012 Graphics screen showing Concentration measurement results on individual axis for each gas.

# Channels Field.

The Channels field in the bottom part of the Graphics2 screen is used to :

*Select the gases* for which the measurement data is to be presented in the graphical screen by setting a tick-mark.

*Change the scaling for the individual axis*. The scale is changed by keying in appropriate values in the Min, Max boxes for each Gas.

After changing the scale and selection of the gases to be shown on the graph press the **APPLY** Soft Key to activate the new settings.

# 1316A-1 Field.

This field is used to change the screen displayed between the up to four different 1316A-1 to display the measurement result.

#### Start, Stop, Freeze, Clear Soft Keys.

**START** and **STOP** Soft Keys is used to start and stop a measurement task respectively.

**CLEAR** Soft Key is used to refresh the screen display.

**FREEZE** is used to freeze the displayed screen while the monitoring task is still running.

# 3.3 Status

Selecting the option Status from the Screens Pull-down menu brings up a screen showing a status report and internally logged errors detected by the monitor.

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
	Status		

This is useful in helping with the diagnosis of any problems you may be having with the system.

🕂 Status	
System Status	
Operating Mode	Startup
Zero Required	Required
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress
Pump On / Off	ON
HC / Propane	нс
Data Status 1, 2	
CO2	Valid
CO	Valid
HC	Valid
02	Valid
NO	Valid
Sample Temp Err	ОК
- Problem Status	
Pump In Flow	OK
New NO Sensor	
New 02 Sensor	
IR Signal Lost	OK
Pump Out Flow	OK
Amb Temp Range	ОК
Pump Low Flow	OK
Leak Check	OK
1010	
0102030	4 Update

Figure 3.10. The BZ 6012's status Screen

The BZ 6012 and 1316A-1 have built-in test procedures that are able to monitor various electronic and mechanical parts – for example, the flow rate. If anything abnormal is detected with any of the parameters tested for, the error will be reported in the status screen see figure 3.10.

The status screen in figure 3.10 shows that zero calibration is required.

The *System status* and *Data Status* messages are described in this manual when relevant for the task performed in a given section.

The problem status messages are described in section 3.4 below.

# 3.4 Screen Problem Status

In the bottom part of the Status screen, see figure 3.10, error and warnings are displayed. If a fault status is discovered the text box text is changed from OK to Check.

#### 3.4.1 Pump In Flow.

Not included in the 1316A-1.

#### 3.4.2 New NO Sensor

This fault indicate that the Full-scale output of the NO sensor is  $\leq 80\%$  of full scale value when sensor was installed. The NO sensor must be replaced with a new NO sensor.

Please refer to section 4.3.8 and 5.1.8 when installing a new NO sensor

#### 3.4.3 New O<sub>2</sub> Sensor

The  $O_2$  sensor output is detected to be below a specified limit during Zero/ $O_2$  Span Calibration. Replace the  $O_2$  sensor. Please refer to section <u>5.1.8</u> when installing a new  $O_2$  sensor.

#### 3.4.4 IR signal lost

This fault indicate that the sample Cell is contaminated. The sample cell and windows must be cleaned. Might also display CO2, CO and HC data invalid in the Data Status section of the status window see <u>figure 3.10</u>.

# 3.4.5 Pump Out Flow

**a**. Sample gas path is occluded at outlet during normal mode operation.

Corrective action: Clear outlet occlusion. Use the pump on command see <u>section 5.1.3</u>.

**b**. Sample gas path is occluded at the outlet during  $Zero/O_2$  span calibration.

Corrective action: Clear outlet occlusion. Use the pump on command see <u>section 5.1.3</u> and perform a new Zero/O<sub>2</sub> span calibration see <u>section 4.2.1</u>.

Might also display a Zero calibration fail error in the Data status of the status screen.

 $CO_2$ , CO, HC, NO Zero calibration fail and  $O_2$  span calibration fail will be displayed.

# 3.4.6 Ambient Temperature range

The detector temperature is out of range. Measurement accuracy might be affected. Verify that the monitor is operating within the specified operating temperature range

#### 3.4.7 Pump Low Flow

This fault might indicate one of the following errors. There is an occlusion in the sample inlet or the pump is defective. A probable course for this could be occluded tubing, external filter, inlet filter. Corrective actions eliminate occlusion.

#### 3.4.8 Leak Check

Not included in the 1316A-1.

# 3.5 Reset.

At any time it is possible to perform a reset to restart the 1316A-1 monitor.

Pull down the Bench Command Menu



Select Soft Reset. Following window appear.

- Soft Reset		- 🗆 >
		<b>1316</b> <b>C</b> 1 <b>G</b> 2 <b>C</b> 3 <b>C</b> 4
		<u>S</u> end Close
		? Help
Process State	Serial Number	

Figure 3.11: The Soft Reset Window.

Press the Send Button and the Instrument is Reset and ready for setup.

# 3.6 Operating Modes of the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1

The Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1's operations comprise four modes of operation.

- Start-up
- Normal
- Standby
- System Fault

# 3.6.1 Start-up Operating Mode

After POR (power on / reset), the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 performs the following:

- Start-up and initialization.
- Self-test.
- Thermal warm-up. After a cold start or a Software Reset bench command the warm-up time period is 35 seconds maximum. After leaving standby mode the typical warmup time period is 20 seconds after completion of the first zero.

The following actions are not allowed during the start-up mode:

- Zero calibration.
- Span calibration.

# 3.6.2 Normal Operating Mode

When the Start-up time has elapsed, the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 enters **Normal** Operating Mode.

All actions are allowed, like measurement, calibration or any other bench command.

If measurement has not been requested for >2 minutes, the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 leaves **Normal** mode and enters **Standby** mode.

# 3.6.3 Standby Operating Mode

The 1316A-1 Gas Monitor's Pump is turned OFF when the **Standby** mode is entered.

The 1316A-1 enters standby mode as a result of any of the following:

- 2 minutes after any POR if measurement has not been started.
- 2 minutes after measurement has been stopped.

During **Standby** mode, the Pump is turned OFF and the following actions are not allowed:

- Zero calibration.
- Span calibration.

This explains why measurement should be started before doing any calibration.

Normally, **Standby** mode is terminated, and **Start-up** mode is entered, when measurement is being started. If the **Standby** mode was activated by a sample cell over-temperature condition, the only way to resume normal operation is via a software reset (bench command) or via a hardware reset(power off).

Upon leaving **Standby** mode, the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 turns ON the pump, attains thermal stability during a 20-second start-up mode, and resumes **Normal** mode operation.

#### 3.6.4 System Fault Operating Mode

**System fault** mode is entered if any of the following error conditions occur:

- Self-test error.
- ADC data acquisition error.
- IR source error.
- Flash memory error.

Recovery from system fault mode requires a power-down/power-on reset, and may call for product service.

# Chapter 4

# Calibration

February 2011

# 4.1 Introduction

# 4.1.1 Factory calibration

Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 component tolerances result in small, but relevant differences in measurement of a given gas concentration. The IR source, pressure transducers, thermistors, band pass filters, and detectors are subject to these variances. During the Type 1316A-1 manufacturing process, each unit is individually characterized. Characterization results in a set of unique response characteristics for each IR gas channel. These individual response curves are stored in the NDIR module flash memory, and enable the Multi Gas Monitor 1316A-1 to measure gas concentration accurately.

#### 4.1.2 Field Calibration

The Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 is designed to be zero and span stable in normal operation.

Zero calibration establishes the baseline for gas concentration measurement. These responses vary depending on existing temperature conditions (ambient, sample gas, and IR filters/detectors).

Span calibration compensates for the normal component drift that slowly occurs over the life of the instrument.

# 4.2 Zero Calibration and O<sub>2</sub> Span Calibration

LumaSense recommends that zero calibration be performed as follows: Whenever Zero Request is shown in the Status window see <u>figure 4.1</u>

Immediately prior to taking any important set of gas concentration data.

Immediately prior to any span calibration.

Zero calibration is a recommended step in recovering from several types of malfunctions.

System Status Operating ModeStartupZero RequiredRequiredProc In ProgNot In ProgressPump On / OffONHC / PropaneHCData Status 1, 2CO2CO2ValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidNOValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOK1316	🕂 Status				
Operating ModeStartupZero RequiredRequiredProc In ProgNot In ProgressPump On / OffONHC / PropaneHCData Status 1, 2CO2CO2ValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidO2ValidNOValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKLeak CheckOK1316	System Status				
Zero RequiredRequiredProc In ProgNot In ProgressPump On / OffONHC / PropaneHCData Status 1, 2ValidCO2ValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidNOValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKPump In FlowOKNew NO SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOK1316	Operating Mode	Startup			
Proc In ProgNot In ProgressPump On / OffONHC / PropaneHCData Status 1, 2CO2CO2ValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidO2ValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOK1316	Zero Required	Required			
Pump On / Off HC / PropaneON HCHCHCData Status 1, 2CO2ValidCOValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKPump In FlowOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOK1316	Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
HC / PropaneHCData Status 1, 2CO2ValidCOValidHCValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidNOValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKPump In FlowOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOK1316	Pump On / Off	ON			
Data Status 1, 2CO2ValidCOValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKPump In FlowOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOKLeak CheckOK	HC / Propane	НС			
CO2ValidCOValidCOValidHCValidO2ValidO2ValidSample Temp ErrOKProblem StatusOKPump In FlowOKNew NO SensorOKNew O2 SensorOKIR Signal LostOKPump Out FlowOKAmb Temp RangeOKPump Low FlowOKLeak CheckOK	Data Status 1, 2				
CO Valid HC Valid O2 Valid NO Valid Sample Temp Err OK Problem Status Pump In Flow OK New NO Sensor OK New O2 Sensor OK IR Signal Lost OK Pump Out Flow OK Amb Temp Range OK Pump Low Flow OK Leak Check OK	CO2	Valid			
HC Valid O2 Valid NO Valid Sample Temp Err OK Problem Status Pump In Flow OK New NO Sensor OK New O2 Sensor OK IR Signal Lost OK Pump Out Flow OK Amb Temp Range OK Pump Low Flow OK Leak Check OK	CO	Valid			
02     Valid       NO     Valid       Sample Temp Err     OK       Problem Status     OK       Pump In Flow     OK       New NO Sensor     OK       New 02 Sensor     OK       IR Signal Lost     OK       Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       1316     Italia	HC	Valid			
NO     Valid       Sample Temp Err     DK       Problem Status     DK       Pump In Flow     OK       New NO Sensor     OK       New O2 Sensor     OK       IR Signal Lost     OK       Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       Leak Check     OK	02	Valid			
Sample Temp Err       OK         Problem Status       OK         Pump In Flow       OK         New NO Sensor       OK         New O2 Sensor       OK         IR Signal Lost       OK         Pump Out Flow       OK         Amb Temp Range       OK         Pump Low Flow       OK         Leak Check       OK	NO	Valid			
Problem Status         Pump In Flow       OK         New NO Sensor       OK         New 02 Sensor       OK         IR Signal Lost       OK         Pump Out Flow       OK         Amb Temp Range       OK         Pump Low Flow       OK         Leak Check       OK	Sample Temp Err	ОК			
Pump In Flow     OK       New NO Sensor     OK       New O2 Sensor     OK       IR Signal Lost     OK       Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       Leak Check     OK	- Broklam Status				
New NO Sensor     OK       New O2 Sensor     OK       IR Signal Lost     OK       Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       Leak Check     OK	Pump In Flow				
New O2 Sensor     OK       IR Signal Lost     OK       Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       Leak Check     OK	New NO Sensor				
IR Signal Lost OK Pump Out Flow OK Amb Temp Range OK Pump Low Flow OK Leak Check OK	New 02 Sensor				
Pump Out Flow     OK       Amb Temp Range     OK       Pump Low Flow     OK       Leak Check     OK	IR Signal Lost	ОК			
Amb Temp Range   OK     Pump Low Flow   OK     Leak Check   OK     1316	Pump Out Flow	ОК			
Pump Low Flow Leak Check OK	Amb Temp Range	OK			
Leak Check OK	Pump Low Flow	0K			
-1316	Leak Check	OK			
01020304 Update					

Figure 4.1. Status Window displaying "Zero required".

During a zero point calibration the sample gas is taken through the Zero inlet on the rear panel of the monitor with a flow rate of 700 ml/min. ambient air is used for the zero calibration.

# Zero Request

The Zero Request (see <u>figure 4.1</u>) is set true under the following conditions:

At POR (power on / reset). When the Multi Gas Monitor is turned ON or reset, all gas channels will temporarily report 0 gas concentrations (volume % or ppm). Gas concentration data is only valid after a successful zero calibration.

After transitioning from standby to normal operating mode.

Zero request interval timeout (90 seconds after POR, followed by a 3 minute then a 6 minute interval and 30 minutes thereafter).

After a  $\pm 3^{\circ}$ C change in detector temperature.

When an ADC input range error occurs on one or more IR channel (CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, HC, reference).

# Purpose

Zero calibration compensates for conditions that affect gas concentration measurement. Examples of these conditions are as follows:

Changes in ambient temperature.

Short-term sample cell contamination caused by inadequate particle filtering.

Long-term sample cell contamination caused by deposits on the sample cell wall or windows.

Zero calibration execution time is typically 30 to 45 seconds, including a purge time that depends on the pneumatics configuration and a fixed calibration time of 20 seconds. The process will take longer under the following conditions:

# 1. Extended Purge time (PT) is used.

Purge time ( PT) can be extended . Pull down the Bench Command menu select  $Zero/O_2$  Change the PT value).

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
		Data / Status	
		Zero / O2 Span	Calibration
		Span Calibration	1
		System Id	
		Miscellaneous Da	ata
		Pump On / Off	
		Device Control	
		Reset Span	
		New NO Sensor	
		Channel Switch ON/OFF command	
		Pressure Data	
		Standby Enable/Disable	
		Soft Reset	
		Mode Select	

Select the Zero/  $O_2$  Span Calibration. The following window is displayed.



Figure 4.2. The Zero O<sub>2</sub> span calibration window to select Purge time during a calibration.

Using the Window above the BZ6012 can extend the Purge Time (PT) in 1-second increments.

# 2. Power on.

The first Zero during a power on cycle takes 5 seconds longer than a subsequent Zero with the same PT value.

# 3. NO Concentration

When the  $Zero/O_2$  Span Calibration command is transmitted, and the NO concentration is above a set value. The purge time is extended in order to completely purge the NO sensor.

# 4.2.1 Zero Calibration Procedure

The CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, HC, and NO channels are zero calibrated and the O<sub>2</sub> channel is span calibrated. Using the selected Purge Time (PT) (see figure 4.2).

Assuming that the monitor and the PC are connected and the software is running (displaying the Main Menu), the zero calibration continues as follows:

- 1. Ensure that the monitor has been switched on for at least 30 minutes.
- 2. When the Main Menu screen is displayed, select Zero /  $O_2$  Span from the Bench Command pull-down menu.



When the Multi Gas Monitor – INNOVA 1316A-1 receives the Zero command, it checks the system status.

When all conditions for zero calibration are met, the Process In Progress is activated (see <u>figure 4.3</u>).

+ Status			
System Status			
Operating Mode	Normal		
Zero Required	Required		
Proc In Prog	In Progress		
Pump On / Off	ON		
HC / Propane	HC		
Data Status 1, 2			
CO2	Valid		
CO	Valid		
HC	Valid		
02	Valid		
NO	Valid		
Sample Temp Err	ОК		
Problem Status			
Pump In Flow	ОК		
New NO Sensor	ОК		
New O2 Sensor	ОК		
IR Signal Lost	OK		
Pump Out Flow	OK		
Amb Temp Range	OK		
Pump Low Flow	OK		
Leak Check	OK		
1316			
0102030	4 Update		

Figure 4.3. The Status Window displaying Zero calibration in Progress.

The Zero/O<sub>2</sub> Span is started controlled by the BZ6012 going through the following steps:

- i) The pump is turned OFF and all solenoid valves are deactivated.
- ii) After a settling delay, the ambient pressure (Atm Press) is measured and stored.
- iii) The pump is turned ON.
- iv) After a settling delay, the sample cell pressure (Abs Press) is measured and stored.
- v) The absolute pressure limit is checked (Abs Press Atm Press) Pressure Limit.

If this test fails, the Pump Out Flow Check is shown in the Status window (see <u>figure 4.4</u>) and the zero calibration procedure is aborted:

+ Status				
System Status				
Operating Mode	Normal			
Zero Required	Not Required			
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
Pump On / Off	ON			
HC / Propane	HC			
Data Status 1, 2				
C02	Valid			
CO	Valid			
HC	Valid			
02	Valid			
NO	Valid			
Sample Temp Err	ОК			
- Problem Status				
Pump In Flow	ОК			
New NO Sensor	OK			
New O2 Sensor	OK			
IR Signal Lost	OK			
Pump Out Flow	Check			
Amb Temp Range	OK			
Pump Low Flow				
Leak Check	OK			
_1210	1010			
	4 Update			

Figure 4.4. The Status Window displaying the Pump Out Flow Check.

The Multi Gas Monitor – INNOVA 1316A-1 is purged with sample gas by pumping room air from the zero inlet on the rear panel through the entire flow system.

During the zero calibration purge period, the  $O_2$  sensor's electrical zero offset is calculated and stored. The optimum gain is calculated for each IR channel.

The new calibration constants:

CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, HC, and NO zero calibration constants.

O<sub>2</sub> span calibration constant.

Are calculated and stored in flash memory:

When the zero calibration process is successful, the following actions are performed:

The red **Zero Required** in the Status screen, see <u>figure 4.3</u>, is changed to show a green **Not Required**, see <u>figure 4.5</u>.



Figure 4.5. Status Window showing Zero not required.

The 30-minute zero request interval timer is reset.

# 4.2.2 Error and Warnings Related to a Zero Calibration

The following conditions cause the Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 to refuse to execute the zero calibration.

1. The Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 is in Start-Up mode, see <u>figure 4.6</u>, Operating Mode.

+ Status				
System Status				
Operating Mode	Startup			
Zero Required	Required			
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
Pump On / Off	ON			
HC / Propane	НС			
Data Status 1, 2				
CO2	Valid			
CO	Valid			
HC	Valid			
02	Valid			
NO	Valid			
Sample Temp Err	ОК			
Problem Statue				
Pump In Flow	ОК			
New NO Sensor	ОК			
New 02 Sensor	ОК			
IR Signal Lost	ОК			
Pump Out Flow	ОК			
Amb Temp Range	ОК			
Pump Low Flow	ОК			
Leak Check	OK			
1316 C 1 C 2 © 3 C	4 Update			

Figure 4.6. Status Window displaying Operation Mode "Start up".

- 2. The Multi Gas Monitor INNOVA is in Stand By mode.
- 3. A Flow Fault has been detected, see <u>figure 4.4</u>,"Pump Out Flow" caused by exceeded pressure limits.
- 4. If the CO<sub>2</sub>, CO, or HC channel gain cannot be set (e.g., the IR signal is too strong), the following warnings occur, see <u>figure</u> 4.7.

CO<sub>2</sub> Zero Fail. CO Zero Fail. HC Zero Fail

+ Status	
System Status	
Operating Mode	Normal
Zero Required	Not Required
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress
Pump On / Off	ON
HC / Propane	HC
Data Status 1, 2	
C02	Zero Fail
CO	Zero Fail
HC	Zero Fail
02	Valid
NO	Valid
Sample Temp Err	ОК
Problem Status	
Pump In Flow	ОК
New NO Sensor	ОК
New 02 Sensor	ОК
IR Signal Lost	ОК
Pump Out Flow	OK
Amb Temp Range	OK
Pump Low Flow	OK
Leak Check	OK
_1010	
0102030	4 Update

Figure 4.7. The Status Window displaying Zero failed.

5. If the reference channel gain cannot be set, the following warnings occur (see figure 4.7).

CO<sub>2</sub> Zero Fail.

CO Zero Fail.

HC Zero Fail

6. If the peak-to-peak value for any IR channel is less than a flash-memory-resident minimum value, the following warnings occur see <u>figure 4.8</u>:

IR Signal Lost CO<sub>2</sub> Data Invalid CO Data Invalid HC Data Invalid

+ Status			
System Status			
Operating Mode	Normal		
Zero Required	Not Required		
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress		
Pump On / Off	ON		
HC / Propane	НС		
Data Status 1, 2			
C02	Zero Fail		
CO	Zero Fail		
HC	Zero Fail		
02	Valid		
NO	Valid		
Sample Temp Err	ОК		
Problem Status			
Pump In Flow	OK		
New NO Sensor	OK		
New 02 Sensor	OK		
IR Signal Lost	ОК		
Pump Out Flow	OK		
Amb Temp Range	OK		
Pump Low Flow	ОК		
Leak Check			
_1316			
C1 @ 2 C 3 C	4 Update		

Figure 4.8. The Status window showing Data Invalid and IR signal lost.

7. If the  $O_2$  sensor's output is lower than a flash-memory-resident minimum value, the New  $O_2$  Sensor Required warning is shown see <u>figure 4.9</u>.

+ Status	
System Status	
Operating Mode	Normal
Zero Required	Not Required
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress
Pump On / Off	ON
HC / Propane	нс
Data Status 1, 2	
C02	Valid
CO	Valid
HC	Valid
02	Invalid
NO	Valid
Sample Temp Err	ОК
Problem Status	
Pump In Flow	OK
New NO Sensor	ОК
New O2 Sensor	Check
IR Signal Lost	ОК
Pump Out Flow	ОК
Amb Temp Range	ОК
Pump Low Flow	ОК
Leak Check	OK
-1316 ○1 ● 2 ○ 3 ○	4 Update

Figure 4.9 . The Status Window displaying " New O<sub>2</sub> Sensor Required".

# Notice:

In the Main screen see <u>figure 4.10</u> it is possible to select that zero calibrations are performed automatically whenever requested. By using the AUTO mode.

+ B76012 A	unlication Pr	ogram for Tvi	ne 1316. Rev	1.03. 6/26/2	2009				ſ	
<u>File</u> Scree <u>n</u> s	Bench Command	is <u>H</u> elp	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,							
Time	- CO2 [%] Pp 2	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]					
14:13:54	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:13:55	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:13:56	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:57	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:58	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:59	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:14:00	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14 - 14 - 02	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:03	0,06	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:04	0,52	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:05	0,33	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:06	0,29	0,000	3	0,00	0					
<)										>
Settings I Time St Relative	amp e Time nc Hi	C Mode		None     Mean     Mean+     Number of     4	STDEV samples	<u>ок</u>	tart Zero top Clea <u>r</u>	<u>C</u> omment	Zero ⓒ Auto ⓒ Manual File Log	<u>Ex</u> it
-Activo 13	16	пех () гтор		)					C On © Off	
Com 1					Com 2		ACK or NAK			
Tx Rx					Tx Rx		AGE OF THAT			
					Γ 2	1				
Com 3	to Status ACV				Com 4					
	na status ACK.									
⊻ 3					1 4					

Figure 4.10. The Main Menu Screen displaying Zero Auto mode.

# 4.3 Span Calibration

# 4.3.1 Introduction.

The Multi Gas Monitor – INNOVA 1316A-1 is designed to be span-stable. Frequent span calibration is not required to maintain accurate gas concentration measurements. The Multi Gas Monitor may need to be routinely span calibrated with suitable mixtures of calibration gases. Span calibration is recommended at the following intervals:

- The VM0100A module measuring HC, CO, and CO<sub>2</sub>: Once every 12 months.
- NO sensor VM0201A: After replacement of a NO sensor, and once every month during normal operation.
- ◆ O<sub>2</sub> Sensor VM0200A: Span calibration is performed during every Zero/O<sub>2</sub> Span Calibration execution.
- When any span calibration has failed.

# 4.3.2 Checking and Changing the Particle Filters

It is recommended to change the inlet filter DS2306 before performing any calibration.



Figure 4.11. The particle filterDS2306

The particle filter is attached to the rear panel of the monitor. Dismantle the filter from the luerlok fittings and replace it with a new DS2306.

# 4.3.3 Calibration Gases

To perform a full calibration gases are required.

Special gas mixtures containing known concentrations of Hydrocarbon (Propane or Hexane), Carbon Monoxide and Carbon Dioxide are required to span calibrate the VM0100A

If UA1372A is mounted with electrochemical sensors  $O_2$  (VM200A) and NO (VM0201A) then calibration gases to span calibrate the sensors are also needed.

The gas mixture shown in <u>Table 4.1</u> is allowed concentration ranges for calibrating the monitor

Gas	Concentration Range
Propane	100 ppm to 6 %
Hexane	50 ppm to 3%
Oxygen	1% to 25 %
Carbon Dioxide	1 % to 20 %
Carbon Monoxide	0.5% to 15 %
Nitrous Oxide	100 ppm to 5000 ppm
Nitrogen	Balance

Table 4.1 Allowed gas concentration ranges for 1316A-1 Span calibration

# 4.3.4 Connecting the Calibration Gas

**Warning!** Never make a direct connection from the pressure valve on a gas cylinder. Always use a side-stream connection like the one shown in <u>figure 4.12</u>.



Figure 4.12 Typical side-stream connection set-up used during calibration

# 4.3.5 Span Calibration

Turn ON the Multi Gas Monitor. You need to let the Multi Gas Monitor – INNOVA 1316A-1 warm up for at least 5 minutes. For optimum span calibration accuracy, let the Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 warm up for at least 30 minutes.

While the Multi Gas Monitor –INNOVA 1316A-1 is warming up, perform the following steps:

- 1) If a New NO Sensor is required see the Status window <u>figure 4.13</u>, install a new NO sensor Order number VM0201A.
- 2) If the New  $O_2$  Sensor is required see the Status window <u>figure 4.14</u>, install a new  $O_2$  sensor. Order number VM0200A.

+ Status	
System Status	
Operating Mode	Normal
Zero Required	Not Required
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress
Pump On / Off	ON
HC / Propane	HC
Data Status 1, 2	
C02	Valid
CO	Valid
HC	Valid
02	Valid
NO	Invalid
Sample Temp Err	ОК
Problem Status	
Pump In Flow	ОК
New NO Sensor	Check
New O2 Sensor	
IR Signal Lost	
Pump Out Flow	ОК
Amb Temp Range	OK
Pump Low Flow	OK
Leak Check	OK
1316 01 © 2 0 3 0	4 Update

Figure 4.13 The Status window displaying that a new NO sensor is required

+ Status					
System Status					
Operating Mode	Normal				
Zero Required	Not Required				
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress				
Pump On / Off	ON				
HC / Propane	HC				
Data Status 1, 2					
CO2	Valid				
CO	Valid				
HC	Valid				
02	Invalid				
NO	Valid				
Sample Temp Err	OK				
Pump In Flow	ОК				
New NO Sensor	OK				
New O2 Sensor	Check				
IR Signal Lost	ОК				
Pump Out Flow	ОК				
Amb Temp Range	OK				
Pump Low Flow	OK				
Leak Check	OK				
1316					
0102030	4 Update				

Figure 4.14 The Status window displaying that a new  $O_2$  sensor is required.

Prior to any span calibration perform a  $Zero/O_2$  span calibration after completion of the warm up time.

Initially set Zero Calibration to "Manual" in "Zero Group", see figure 4.15. This will avoid the Zero calibration to interfere with the Span calibration.



Figure 4.15 Set Zero calibration to Manual

Start the measurement by pressing the "Start"-button in the Main window, see  $\underline{figure\ 4.16}$ 

+ BZ6012 A	pplication Pr	ogram for Typ	be 1316, Rev	1.03, 6/26/2	2009					- 🗆 🔼
<u>File Screen</u> s	Bench Command	is <u>H</u> elp								
Time	CO2 [%]	CO [%]	HC [ppm]	02 [%]	NO [ppm]					
14 - 13 - 54	BR 3	0 000	3	0 00	0					
14:13:55	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:13:56	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:57	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:58	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:13:59	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:14:00	0,00	0,000	2	0,00	0					
14:14:01	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	U					
14.14:02	0,00	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:03	0.52	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:05	0,33	0,000	3	0,00	0					
14:14:06	0,29	0,000	3	0,00	0					
<										>
Settings ▼ Time St ■ Relative	amp e Time nc Hi (•	C Mode Hex (*) Prop		<ul> <li>None</li> <li>Mean</li> <li>Mean+</li> <li>Number of</li> <li>4</li> </ul>	STDEV samples	OK S	aart <u>Z</u> ero top Clea <u>r</u>	<u>Comment</u>	Zero © Auto © Manual File Log © On © Off	E <u>x</u> it
Active 13	16									
Com I Tx Rx	ACI	or NAK			Com 2		ACK or NAK			
					E 2					
Com 3 Data Status ACK										
	na status ACK					]				
₩ 3					4					

Figure 4.16 Main window displaying measurement started..

Open the status window and press the "Zero"-button in the Main window, in order to perform a Zero calibration.

The ambient air is taken from the Zero reference inlet on the rear panel during Zero calibration. In the Status window observe that the "Proc in prog"-status is "In Progress", while Zero calibration. is done, see figure 4.17.

When Zero calibration has successfully finished the "Proc in prog"-status is "Not in Progress", see figure 4.18.

Chapter 4

+ Status			
System Status			
Operating Mode	Normal		
Zero Required	Required		
Proc In Prog	In Progress		
Pump On / Off	ON		
HC / Propane	HC		
Data Status 1, 2			
C02	Valid		
CO	Valid		
HC	Valid		
02	Valid		
NO	Valid		
Sample Temp Err	OK		
-Broblem Status			
Pump In Flow			
New NO Sensor			
New 02 Sensor			
IR Signal Lost			
Pump Out Flow			
Amb Temp Range			
Pump Low Flow			
Leak Check	OK		
-1316 C 1 C 2 € 3 C 4 Update			

Figure 4.17 Status window during Zero calibration.

+ Status				
System Status				
Operating Mode	Normal			
Zero Required	Not Required			
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
Pump On / Off	ON			
HC / Propane	HC			
Data Status 1, 2				
CO2	Valid			
CO	Valid			
НС	Valid			
02	Valid			
NO	Valid			
Sample Temp Err	ОК			
Problem Status				
Pump In Flow	OK			
New NO Sensor	OK			
New O2 Sensor	OK			
IR Signal Lost	OK			
Pump Out Flow	OK			
Amb Temp Range	OK			
Pump Low Flow	OK			
Leak Check	OK			
1316 C 1 C 2 € 3 C 4 Update				

Figure 4.18 Status window when Zero calibration has finished.
Pull Down the Bench Command menu and select the "Mode Select" bench command, see figure 4.19.



Figure 4.19 The Bench Command Menu showing "Mode Select"

In the "Mode Select"-window set the group "Action" to "Temporary Change" and the group "New Mode" to "3 – 6601, New", see figure 4.20. Press the "Send" button to set mode 3 temporary.

+ Mode Select		
Action C Report Mode Temporary Change Permanent Change New Mode C 0 - 6600, Old		1316 ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ✓ <u>S</u> end
<ul> <li>1 - 6600, New</li> <li>2 - 6601, Old</li> <li>3 - 6601, New</li> <li>4 - 6800, Single-Sol, Old</li> <li>5 - 6800, Single-Sol, New</li> <li>6 - 6800, Multi-Sol, Old</li> <li>7 - 6800, Multi-Sol, New</li> </ul>		Close
Reported Mode		
ACK, NAK, Timeout	Serial Number	

Figure 4.20 The Mode select window With Mode 3 selected.

Connect the SPAN gas to the INLET on the rear panel of the Multi Gas Monitor INNOVA-1316A-1.

## Pull down the Bench Command Menu

And select Span Calibration see figure 4.21.

File	Screens	Bench Commands	Help
		Data / Status	
		Zero / O2 Span	Calibration
		Span Calibration	1
		System Id	
		Miscellaneous D	ata
		Pump On / Off	
		Device Control	
		Reset Span	
		New NO Sensor	
		Channel Switch	ON/OFF command
		Pressure Data	
		Standby Enable,	/Disable
		Soft Reset	
		Mode Select	



The following window will appear, see figure 4.22.

- Span Calibration		- 🗆 ×
CO2 (%)    CO (%)    HC (ppm)    NO (ppm)    O2 (%)	0.00 0.000 0 0 0 0.00	1316 C 1 C 2 C 3 C 4
Process State		Pelp
ACK, NAK, Timeout	Serial Number	

Figure 4.22. The Span Calibration window.

Tick the gas(ses) to be Span calibrated, and key in concentration value(s), see figure 4.23. Press the "Send" button to perform the Span calibration. Observe the "Process State" change to "In Progress" during the Span calibration, see figure 4.24.

🕂 Span Calibr	ation		_ 🗆 🔀
CO2 [%] CO [%] HC [ppm] NO [ppm] O2 [%]	20,00 0,000 0 0,00		1316 ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ✓ <u>S</u> end Close ? Help
Process State   ACK, NAK, Time	eout	Serial Number	

Figure 4.23 The Span Calibration Window to select the gasses and the concentrations for Span calibration

The text box in the Span Calibration window now displays Span Calibration ACK. The Span Calibration is in progress.

+ Span Calibration		
CO2 [%] ♥ CO [%] ■ HC [ppm] ■ NO [ppm] ■ O2 [%] ■	20,00 0,000 0 0 0,00	1316 ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ✓ <u>S</u> end Close ? Help
Process State In Progress		
ACK, NAK, Timeout	Serial Number	
Span Calibration ACK		

Figure 4.24 Span Calibration window showing Span calibration in progress.

During Span calibration the Status window will show the "In Progress" status, see figure 4.25.

+ Status			
System Status			
Operating Mode	Normal		
Zero Required	Not Required		
Proc In Prog	In Progress		
Pump On / Off	ON		
HC / Propane	НС		
Data Status 1, 2			
C02	Valid		
CO	Valid		
HC	Valid		
02	Valid		
NO	Valid		
Sample Temp Err	OK		
Problem Status Pump In Flow	or		
New NO Sensor			
New 02 Sensor			
IB Signal Lost			
Pumn Out Flow			
Amb Temp Bange			
Pump Low Flow			
Leak Check			
1316			
0102030	4 Update		

Figure 4.25 Status window during the Span Calibration

After a successful Span calibration the gasses calibrated will show the status "Valid" for each of the gasses which where Span calibrated, see figure 4.26.

+ Status				
System Status				
Operating Mode	Normal			
Zero Required	Not Required			
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress			
Pump On / Off	ON			
HC / Propane	HC			
Data Status 1, 2				
C02	Valid			
CO	Valid			
HC	Valid			
02	Valid			
NO	Valid			
Sample Temp Err	ОК			
Problem Status				
Pump In Flow	ОК			
New NO Sensor	ОК			
New 02 Sensor	ОК			
IR Signal Lost	ОК			
Pump Out Flow	ОК			
Amb Temp Range	ОК			
Pump Low Flow	ОК			
Leak Check	OK			
1316 01 02 © 3 0	4 Update			

Figure 4.26 Status window after successful Span calibration

If the Span calibration fails the Status window will show the "Span Fail" status for the gasses failing to be Span calibrated, see figure 4.27.

+ Status	
System Status	
Operating Mode	Normal
Zero Required	Not Required
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress
Pump On / Off	ON
HC / Propane	HC
Data Status 1, 2	
CO2	Span Fail
CO	Valid
HC	Valid
02	Valid
NO	Valid
Sample Temp Err	ОК
Problem Status	
Pump In Flow	OK
New NO Sensor	ОК
New 02 Sensor	ОК
IR Signal Lost	ОК
Pump Out Flow	ОК
Amb Temp Range	ОК
Pump Low Flow	OK
Leak Check	OK
1316 ○1 ● 2 ○ 3 ○	4 Update

Figure 4.27 Status window after a failing Span calibration

After SPAN calibration revert to default mode 5. In the "Mode Select"-window set the group "Action" to "Temporary Change" and the group "New Mode" to "5 – 6800, Single-SOL, New", See figure 4.28. Press the "Send" button to set mode 5.

+ Mode Select		
Action C Report Mode Temporary Change Permanent Change New Mode C 0 - 6600, Old C 1 - 6600, New C 2 - 6601, Old C 3 - 6601, New C 4 - 6800, Single-Sol, Old C 5 - 6800, Single-Sol, New C 6 - 6800, Multi-Sol, Old C 7 - 6800, Multi-Sol, New		1316 ○ 1 ○ 2 ○ 3 ○ 4 ✓ <u>S</u> end Close ? Help
Reported Mode	6800, Single-Sol, New	
ACK, NAK, Timeout Mode Select ACK	Serial Number	

Figure 4.28 Select Mode 5 in the Mode Select window

Stop the measurement by pressing the "Stop"-button in the Main window. Finally set the group "Zero" to "Auto" in the Main window, see figure 4.29

	Zero Auto Manual		
Figure 4.29 Se	et Zero calil	bration	to Auto

This concludes the Span calibration.

# 4.3.6 To perform a span calibration with single component gas.

If only one gas is to be span calibrated this can be performed using a single component gas in Nitrogen balance.

Before doing the Span calibration please make sure that Zero calibration is set to "Manual" and the mode is set to 3 as described in <u>section 4.3.5</u>.

- 1. Use  $\square$  to tick which of the CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CHx gasses that you want to be calibrated.
- 2. Type in the correct concentrations for the ticked CO,  $CO_2$ , CHx gas.

The gas concentration must be the same as that stated on the calibration gas bottle.

- 3. Connect the calibration-gas bottle as described in section 4.3.4.
- 4. Open the gas valve and adjust the flow so that a small surplus flow exists in the side-stream tube.
- 5. Press the Send button to start the gain calibration.

After making the Span Calibration please make sure that the Mode is set back into 5 and that the Zero calibration is set to "Auto", as described in section 4.3.5.

The monitor is now ready for making measurements.

Press Send.

The Process State In Progress is displayed in the Span Calibration window (see <u>figure 4.30</u>) and the Data Status in the Status window is changed to show HC Span, see <u>figure 4.31</u>.

The 1316A-1 is calibrated with the selected gas at the concentration keyed in.

CO2 [%]	Г	0.00	
CO [%]	Г	0.000	· · · 2
HC [ppm]	<b>v</b>	100	
NO [ppm]	Г	0	
02[%]	<b>—</b>	0,00	<u>Send</u>
	In Progress		
D			

Figure 4.30. Span Calibration window showing HC calibration in Progress.

PLOG	iess.		
+ Status			
System Status			
Operating Mode	Normal		
Zero Required	Not Required		
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress		
Pump On / Off			
HC / Propane	нс		
Data Status 1, 2			
C02	Valid		
CO	Valid		
HC	Valid		
02	Valid		
NO	Valid		
Sample Temp Err	OK		
,			
Problem Status			
Pump In Flow	ОК		
New NO Sensor	ОК		
New 02 Sensor	OK		
IR Signal Lost	OK		
Pump Out Flow	OK		
Amb Temp Range	OK		
Pump Low Flow	OK		
Leak Check	OK		
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
1316	(		
0102030	4 Update		

Figure 4.31. The Status window showing that HC is Span Calibrated (Valid).

Before starting a Hydrocarbon calibration verify that the Hydrocarbon selected in the Hydrocarbon Mode (Hexane/Propane) is as for the supplied gas from the gas cylinder.

Consult the Main Menu see figure 4.32 or in the **Bench Command** menu (see <u>figure 4.21</u>) select Data/Status and select the Hydrocarbon to be used for the calibration.



Figure 4.32: The Main window with HC mode selected to be Hexane.

Hydro Carbon Mode • Hexane C Propane		Bench C 1 C 2
Data Rate C Stop Continuous		C 3 C 4
<ul> <li>One Packet</li> <li>Continuous</li> </ul>		<u>S</u> end
		Close
		? Help
CK NAK Timeout	Serial Number	

Figure 4.33: Data Status window to select Hydro Carbon Mode.

# 4.3.7 To perform a span calibration with multi component gas mixture.

If more than one gas is to be span calibrated at the same time this can be performed using multi component gas mixtures.

In the Span calibration window (see <u>figure 4.22</u>) select the gases to be calibrated and key in the appropriate concentrations from the certificate from the gas cylinder.

Before doing the Span calibration please make sure that Zero calibration is set to "Manual" and the mode is set to 3 as described in <u>section 4.3.5</u>.

1. Use  $\boxed{\mathbb{V}}$  to tick which of the CO, CO<sub>2</sub>, CHx gasses that you want to be calibrated.

2. Type in the correct concentrations for the ticked CO,  $CO_2$ , CHx gasses.

3. Connect the calibration-gas bottle as described in  $\frac{\text{section}}{4.3.4}$ .

4. Open the gas valve and adjust the flow so that a small surplus flow exists in the side-stream tube.

5 Press the Send button to start the gain calibration.

After completion of the span calibration routine:

The validity of each new span calibration constant ( $CO_2$ , CO, HC) is checked.

New span calibration constants for the HC, CO and  $\rm CO_2$  channels should not significantly differ from the factory span calibration constants.

If a newly calculated span calibration constant does differ by greater than  $\pm 30\%$  from the original factory value, the appropriate span fail status (CO<sub>2</sub> Span Fail, CO Span Fail, HC Span Fail), is set true see figure 4.34.:

+ Status		
System Status		
Operating Mode	Normal	
Zero Required	Not Required	
Proc In Prog	Not In Progress	
Pump On / Off	ON	
HC / Propane	нс	
Data Status 1, 2		
C02	Valid	
CO	Valid	
HC	Span Fail	
02	Valid	
NO	Valid	
Sample Temp Err	ОК	
Problem Status		
Pump In Flow	OK	
New NO Sensor	ОК	
New 02 Sensor	ОК	
IR Signal Lost	OK	
Pump Out Flow	OK	
Amb Temp Range	OK	
Pump Low Flow	OK	
Leak Check	OK	
-1316 ○1 ● 2 ○ 3 ○	4 Update	

Figure 4.34. Status window showing a CO2 span failed.

If the NO channel is being span calibrated, the current full-scale NO output is calculated and saved. If the current full-scale NO output is less than or equal to a preset value (The Low NO Sensor Limit) the New NO Sensor Required is shown in the Status window, see <u>figure 4.13</u>.

After making the gain Calibration please make sure that the Mode is set back into 5 and that the Zero calibration is set to "Auto", as described in <u>section 4.3.5</u>.

# 4.3.8 Installing a new NO sensor.

After installation the new NO sensor it must be span calibrated following the procedure described in the previous sections.

After performing the NO span calibration:

Select the New NO sensor in the Bench command menu, see figure 4.35.



Figure 4.35. Bench command menu select New NO sensor

The following window appears.



Figure 4.36 . The New NO sensor window.

If a new sensor is installed Press **SEND**.

**Warning:** never attempt to send the new NO sensor command after a NO span calibration unless a new NO sensor has been installed.

The Low NO Sensor Limit is calculated and saved.

# 4.4 Reset Span Calibration

At any time it is possible to return to the factory saved calibration factors.

Pull down the Bench Command Menu.



# Select Reset Span.

		1316
Tag Mask		C1
<b>□</b> CO2		C 3
⊢ co		<u>C</u> 4
Г НС		<u>S</u> end
		Close
		? Help
Process State 1		
ACK, NAK, Timeout	Serial Number	

Figure 4.37. Reset Span Window

Put in a tick mark for the gases to be set back to default calibration factors.

# Chapter 5

# Maintenance

February 2011

# 5.1 Maintenance Items

# 5.1.1 Changing Zero Channel inlet filter

It is recommended to change the zero gas inlet filter at least once a year.

- Remove the top cover.
- Remove the DS0790 filter by detaching the luerlok fittings.
- Install a new DS0790 filter.



Figure 5.1. Picture showing the DS0790 zero inlet dust filter.

# 5.1.2 Changing the fuses

On delivery, two 20 mm T 1.6A (VF0007A) slow-blow fuses are installed in the monitor – one in the live and one in the neutral mains feed. When replacing fuses always ensure that the correct fuses are used.

To check and change the fuses:

- 1. Remove the power cable from the mains socket.
- 2. Insert a suitable screwdriver into both of the fuse holders and unscrew the fuse holders. See <u>figure 5.2</u>.



Figure 5.2 Opening the fuse holders



Figure 5.3 Accessing the fuses

- 3. Remove the fuses from the holders and check that they have the correct rating (T 1.6 A slow-blow), see <u>figure 5.3</u>.
- 4. If the installed fuses do not have the correct rating or are faulty, install the correct fuses.
- 5. Screw the fuse holders into the monitor.
- 6. Attach the mains cable.

# 5.1.3 Checking the Pump

Pull down the Bench Commands menu.



Select Pump On/Off

Following window will appear.



Figure 5.4. The Pump Control Window.

By selecting **On** and **Send** it can be verified that the Pump is working properly.

# 5.1.4 System ID

Pull down the Bench Command Menu



Select System ID.



Figure 5.5: The System ID Window.

The System ID window displays the Serial Number, Model number and Revision level after pressing the **Send** soft-key button.

# 5.1.5 Valve Test

To verify that the tree-way valve is working properly.

Pull down the Bench Command Menu



Select Device Control

DCM DC	DCLC	-1316 C 1
▼ 7 🕞 Clear C	Set Clear	- C 2
✓ 6 🕞 Clear C	Set	<u> </u>
▼ 5 🕞 Clear C	Set Clear	Send
✓ 4 🕞 Clear ⊂	Set	Close
✓ 3 🕞 Clear C	Set	- ? Help
✓ 2 🕞 Clear C	Set	
✓ 1 C Clear ⊙	Set Set	
▼ 0 🕝 Clear C	Set Clear	
CK, NAK, Timeout	Serial	Number

Figure 5.6. The Device Control Window.

In the DCM 1 select DC to be **Set** the remaining DCM /DC are set as shown in Figure 5.6. Press the **Send** button.

Now it is possible to hear the click from the Valve if the valve is functioning properly.

Please remember to clear the DCM 1 by selecting **Clear** and pressing the **Send** button.

# 5.1.6 Miscellaneous Data.

Pull down the Bench Command Menu.

File	Screens	Bench Commands Help	
		Data / Status	٦
		Zero / O2 Span Calibration	
		Span Calibration	
		System Id	
		Miscellaneous Data	
		Pump On / Off	
		Device Control	
		Reset Span	
		New NO Sensor	
		Channel Switch ON/OFF command	
		Pressure Data	
		Standby Enable/Disable	
		Soft Reset	
		Mode Select	

# Select Miscellaneous Data.

Ambieut Temperature (*C1	22.2	Ì [	1316
Ampient remperature [ C]	33,3		6.2
PEF	0,507		C 3
ADCA [mV]	1658		C 4
ADCB [mV]	1657		
Pulses Per Minute	0		<u>Send</u>
			Close
		1	
		-	f neip
CK, NAK, Timeout	9	erial Number	
discellanceus Data ACK	[		

Figure 5.7. The Miscellaneous Window.

In the Miscellaneous window the Ambient Temperature is shown after pressing the **Send** button.

The PEF value displayed is the Relation between the Calibration factor for Hexane and Propane.

ADCA and ADCB are of use whenever Analogue output is to be used. Please Contact Your Local LumaSense Representative for further information.

# 5.1.7 Pressure Data.

Pull down the Bench Command Menu



## Select Pressure Data.

Gage pressure (x1000 psi) Absolute pressure (1/10th torr) Ambient pressure (1/10th torr)	0.6 759,200 755,200	- 1316 C 1 C 2 C 3 C 4
		✓ <u>S</u> end Close ? Help
.CK, NAK, Timeout	Serial Num	ber

Figure 5.8. The Pressure Data Window.

The Ambient Pressure through the Zero Reference inlet and the Absolute pressure in the Sample cell are displayed after pressing the **Send** button.

The Pressure Data can be used as an indication if occlusion through either of the inlets occurs.

# 5.1.8 O<sub>2</sub> and NO Sensor Replacement

The optional  $O_2$  and NO sensors have an expected life of 18 months under normal operating conditions. Follow the procedure defined below to replace these sensors.

- a) Verify that main power turned OFF.
- b) Remove the cover.

## 2) Sensor Removal:

- a) Each sensor includes a pull tab. Be careful not to tear it.
- b) Carefully pull on the tab and remove the sensor from the 1316A-1 Multi Gas Monitor UA1372 manifold.

#### 3) Sensor Installation:

- a) Position the new sensor at the sensor manifold. Ensure that the sensor's connector pins are aligned.
- b) Carefully push on the sensor to seat it in the Manifold UA1372.
- c) Replace the cover.
- 4) Sensor Calibration: Refer to Chapter 4.
- 5) *Verification*: Consult the Status window and verify that no errors are reported.

# 5.1.9 Field replaceable parts.

LumaSense Part number	Description
DS0790	Zero ref. filter
DS2306	Inlet filter
VF0007A	Fuse 1.6A T
VM0200A	O <sub>2</sub> electrochemical
	Sensor
VM0201A	NO electrochemical
	Sensor
UA1372A	Mounting kit for
	electrochemical Sensors
UH5040A	Pump
UM1118A	Tree way valve
ZG0370A	Power supply

# 1316A-1



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